# Mid-term Outcome and Future Plan of Bio-ethanol Project in Korea

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**Outline of Project** 



# **Results of 1<sup>st</sup> Year**

**Future Plans** 



# **Progressing Status of 2<sup>nd</sup> Year**



# <image>





# Investigation of Related Laws and Regulations Petroleum Business Act was enacted in 1970 and revised 18 times



Petroleum Business Act was revised a full-scale revised to Petroleum & Petroleum Alternative Fuels Business Act in 2004



It has possible to revitalize of supply Petroleum & Alternative

**Fuels in Korea** 



# **Investigation of Related Laws and Regulations**

Petroleum & Petroleum Alternative Fuels Business Act is defined as fuel which can alternate petroleum products without structure modification of combustion equipments (the exclusion of coal and natural gas)

# Petroleum Alternative Fuels include bio-diesel, bio-ethanol, coal liquefaction, natural bitumen and emulsification



# **Investigation of Related Laws and Regulations**

# The Standard of Automobile Gasoline in Petroleum & Petroleum Alternative Fuels Business Act

Classification Items	No. 1 (Regular)	No. 2 (Premium)			
-	-	-			
-	-	-			
<b>Benzene content (Vol. %)</b>	Unde	er 1.0			
Olefin content (Vol. %)	Under 18 (21)				
Oxygen content (weight %) *	Over 0.5 ~ under 2.3 (winter over 1.0 ~ under 2.3)				
Methanol content (weight %)	Unde	Under 1.0			

\* Oxygen content is oxygen weight in MTBE, ETBE and bio-ethanol



# **Progressed Research**

Feasibility Study for the Implementation of the imported bio-ethanol (KIER, 2005. 12)

- The need of actual assessment for production, transportation and use of bio-ethanol
- The expense of infrastructure construction make the determination of economic feasibility and the need of actual assessment before commercialization
- The Problems of corrosion and phase separation can be arise by the moisture in quality characteristics of bio-ethanol fuel



# **Outline of Project**

Research of Actual Assessment for Introduction of Bio-ethanol Fuel

Period

### **2 Years : August 1, 2006 ~ July 31, 2008**

- 1<sup>st</sup> Year : August 1, 2006 ~ July 31, 2007
- 2<sup>nd</sup> Year : August 1, 2007 ~ July 31, 2008



**Participation** 

Company

- Korea Institute of Petroleum Quality (KiPEQ)
- **5 Oil refineries** 
  - SK Energy, GS Caltex, S-Oil, HD-Oil bank, SK-IC
- 1 alcohol company
  - Changhae ethanol



# **Outline of Project**



Results analysis of quality characteristics for bio-ethanol fuel and The establishment of plans for actual assessment







# **1. Foreign and Domestics Status**

### **1-1. Foreign status**

- Supply status of USA(E10, E85 etc)
- Supply status of China(E10), India(E5)
- $\bigcirc$  Analysis of E3 actual assessment of Japan

### 1<sup>-2</sup>. Domestic status

 $\bigcirc$  Producer : Refinery  $\rightarrow$  Oil reservoir (Tank truck, Oil pipeline)

 $\bigcirc$  Customer : Oil reservoir  $\rightarrow$  Gas station (Tank truck)

 $\bigcirc$  Status of domestic gas station and distribution infrastructure





# 2. Lab Test (Quality characteristics of BE fuel)

**(Vol.%)** 

>27

(Vol.%)

<18

### **2-1.** Manufacture of bio-ethanol fuel Bio-ethanol : Anhydrous bio-ethanol 99.5% Manufacture of sub-octane gasoline : Manufacture blending stocks (B/S) depending on refinery specifications such as vapor pressure and octane number etc Supply to sub-octane gasoline to satisfy the specification of **The Act for Petroleum and Alternative Fuels** Vapor pressure (37.8 °C, kPa) **Octane number Aromatic** Olefin

Winter

<70



(RON)

**91~92** 

Summer

<52

# 2. Lab Test (Quality characteristics of BE fuel)

### 2-2. Major properties of bio-ethanol fuel

### ▷ Vapor pressure

### 🔿 🗢 E5 : increase 7 ~ 8 kPa, E5 ~ E10 : stable, E10 ~ : decrease

- (vapor pressure of bio-ethanol : ≈ 15 kPa)
- $\rightarrow$  increment of vapor pressure : bad influence to restart
  - reed to proper vapor pressure



### Distillation property

 ○ 50% distillation temperature was decreased to 1 0~20 °C due to the blending of bio-ethanol → bad influence to restart
 □ reed to proper distillation property

### **> Octane number**

Increment of 2 ~ 2.5 when BE5 was blended
 \* RON : 125~130, MTBE : RON,115~120



# 2. Lab Test (Simulation of phase separation due to water content)

**2-3.** Effect of water content on bio-ethanol ratio

 $\bigcirc$  Simulation of phase separation on gasoline and ethanol due to water content  $\rightarrow$  Decrement of octane number, bad influence upon fuel feeding system



#### Water content (vol. %)

% Phase separation take place when water content is over  $\underline{0.2\%}$  at  $\underline{E5}$ 





- $\bigcirc$  Phase separation (at 20  $^\circ C$  )
  - E3 : water content <u>≈ 0.14 Vol.%</u>
  - E5 : water content <u>≈ 0.19 Vol.%</u>
  - E10 : water content ~ 0.54 Vol.%



# 2. Lab Test (Corrosion test)



O White particle was formed on aluminum plate due to strong corrosion, and weight was decreased.

**\*\*** 100 °C × 720 h = almost 15 yr (according to Japan Automobile Research and Institute) ∴ 100 °C, 120 h  $\rightarrow$  2.5 yr

AI	Sample	Initial state	Sub Octane Gasoline	E5	E10
	Variation of appearance				
	Weight variation	-	0.0002	0.0002	-0.0190

### 2. Construction Status of Storage Tanks and Line Blending

### **Construction status (SK Incheon Oil)**

- Scheme of storage tanks and line blending
  - bio-ethanol tanks (Stainless steel, protection of water mixing (Installation Silica Dessicator))
  - sub-octane gasoline tanks (Carbon Steel)
  - Installation of control system for line blending
  - 🖙 ethanol mixing ratio : 1~10 Vol.% blending





### **3. Construction of Pilot Plant for Water Free** Bio-ethanol

### **Construction place (Changhae Ethanol)**

#### Pilot Plant for bio-ethanol

- production capacity : 1 kL/day, bio-ethanol purity : > 99.5 Vol.%
- building : 4<sup>th</sup> floor (30 m), PLC control system



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### 4. Bio-ethanol Analysis of the Mixture of **Gasoline and Ethanol**

#### **Results Selection of optimum Analysis of bio-ethanol** scintillation agent 0.040 **Bioethanol** 10% 2, Synethanol 10% 0.035 3; Bioethanol 5% + Synethanol 5% 0.030 0.30 Opti Fluor O 0.025 2: Ultima Gold F Intensity Insta Gel Plus 0.25 0.020 Optiphalse HiSafe 3 Optiscint HiSafe 0.015 0.20 0.010 Intensity 0.005 0.15 0.000 0 200 200 Energy Channel [ - ] 0.10 Mixing ratio [ Vol.% ] 0.05 Sub-octane gasoline : Bioethanol = 0.00 90:10 200 300 400 100 800 700 800 Sub-octane gasoline : Synethanol = Energy Channel [ - ] 90:10 Sub-octane gasoline : Bioethanol :

800

1000

CPM

5.04

1.51

3.21

Synethanol = 90:5:5





# **Progressing Status of 2<sup>nd</sup> year**

### Scheme of production, transportation, storage and supply in bioethanol fuel blending



# **Progressing status of 2<sup>nd</sup> year**



## **Proceeding status of 2<sup>nd</sup> year**







# **Future Plans**

- Study of actual assessment for Oil reservoir
- Management of blending facilities of sub-octane gasoline and bio-ethanol for

### actual assessment

- Blending control system and line mixer of reservoir tank
- Check the performance of facility like volume control system
- Analysis of quality for a final product, sub-octane gasoline, and bio-ethanol

### Study of the actual assessment of gas station

- Actual assessment of demonstration gas station
- Check the moisture amount in storage tank when sampling
- Analysis of quality change (per week)
- Performance test of lubricator (per month)



# **Future Plans**

Determination of optimized distribution infrastructure and bioethanol ratio

- Find the reason for phase separation by moisture and corrosion problem of metal, rubber
- Regular quality test of the demonstration gas station and establish the effective protect method due to moisture
- Indicate the optimized distribution infrastructure for Korea environment



# **Future Plans**

### Application of government policy for introduction of bio-ethanol

- Presentation of quality standard for bio-ethanol (BE100)
- Application of government policy and establishment of distribution infrastructure for introduction of bio-ethanol
  - **\* The first consideration of government policy** 
    - The stable supply of raw materials
    - Economic feasibility for the correspondence of the existing fuel







## **Thanks for your attention!**



