Hydrocarbon Resources and Prospects of Exploration and Development, Northeast Asia

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# Outline

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- Status of exploration and development, Northeast Asia
- Prospects of petroleum exploration and development
- Conclusion

### Introduction

# Fast economic development, close link of energy interests, uneven distribution of resources





### **Overview of Northeast Asia**



Mongolia, North Korea ,South Korea and Japan

# **Overview of Northeast Asia**

39 oil-bearing basins in Northeast Asia, mainly distributing
 in East Russia and North and Northeast China



**Proportion of Hydrocarbon Reserves,** 

#### Composition of Hydrocarbon Reserves, Northeast Asia



Distribution of PP Recoverable Reserves, Northeast Asia



 Onshore of East Russia, North and Northeast China are the main petroleum accumulation areas
 A small quantity of reserves are discovered in Mongolia and Korean Peninsula



#### **Distribution of PP Recoverable Reserves, East Russia**



#### Distribution of PP Recoverable Reserves North and Northeast China



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- 39 oil-bearing basins have been explored and developed in Northeast Asia;
- Up to now, 59000 wells have been drilled, containing 49000 exploration wells
- Exploration wells mainly distribute in East Russia, North and Northeast China, occupying the proportion: 51.92% and 46.54%

Status of Exploration and Dev

Distribution and Content of the Exploration Wells



#### **North and Northeast China**

- Concentrated in 3 areas; average success ratio: 43%
- Not high exploration maturity, e.g. Songliao Basin drilling density: 0.018 wells/km<sup>2</sup>

Status of Exploration and Dev

Distribution and Content of the Exploration Wells,



 Concentrated in West Siberia; occupying local proportion: 86%
 Lower exploration maturity, e.g. West Siberia Basin drilling density: 0.008 wells/km<sup>2</sup>, average success ratio: 40%



**Annual New Exploration Wells,** 

North and Northeast China



data from: IHS, 2011

- 1970s and 1990s are the peak periods of drilling
- During the last 10 years, drilling was not active



#### **Annual New Exploration Wells, East Russia**



- The end of 1980s is the maximum one in 3 drilling peaks
- During the last 5 years, drilling was relatively active

- Seismic lines have been acquired in 14 important basins
- Up to 2011: 2D:916000km, 3D:236000km<sup>2</sup>



**Annual New Seismic Acquisition, West Siberia Basin** 80000 30000 70000 12D 25000 **□**3D 60000 20000 50000 15000 j ШY 40000 30000 10000 20000 5000 10000 0 2002 2003 2004 2005 2006 2007 2008 2009 2010 2011 1998 1999 2000 2001 data from: IHS, 2011 **Total seismic acquisition:** 2D:427000 km; 3D: 120000 km<sup>2</sup>

The last 5 years is the peak stage for the 3D seismic acquisition



Annual New Seismic Acquisition, Bohai Gulf Basin



- For the high exploration maturity basins (e.g. Bohai Gulf Basin which drilling density is 0.05 wenlls/km<sup>2</sup>), annual new exploration wells and 3D seismic are the main means for increasing reserves
- For the lower ones (e.g. West Siberia Basin which drilling density is 0.008 wenlls/km<sup>2</sup>), adding new reserves always depends on new exploration wells





**Distributed Proportion of Fields** 

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#### **Geographic Distribution of Fields**,

#### **Northeast Asia**

#### **1**0% 1200 2% 1000 □Offshore ■Onshore/Offshore of Fields 800 Onshore 600 No. 400 200 88% 0 Onshore/Offshore •Onshore □0ffshore North and East Mongolia South Japan North data from: IHS, 2011 Russia Northeast Korea Korea China

 About 2000 producing fields mainly distribute in East Russia and North and Northeast China
 88% of them are located onshore

**Production Status of Fields, Northeast Asia** 



The fields in East Russia and North & Northeast China are mostly in developing & producing and awaiting developing & appraising

The proportion of pure oil or gas fields is not high

#### **Distributed Proportion of Recoverable Reserves, North and Northeast China**



Await developing&apprasing

- Developing&producing
- □ Temporarily shut-in
- □Enhanced&improved&redeveloping
- ■Abandon field

#### Distributed Proportion of Recoverable Reserves, East Russia



Recoverable reserves mainly distribute in primary developing fields and other fields which have been taken measures for increasing production

data from: IHS, 2011

Distribution of Cumulative Production in Northeast Asia												
	0i1			Gas		Condensate oil		Total				
Country/Area	(MMbb1)	Recovery factor%	(MMscf)	(MMboe)	Recovery factor%	(MMbbl)	Recovery factor%	(MMboe)				
East Russia	66275.0654	6.5-62.3	4.81E+08	83008.84	40-100	1066.741	30-95	150350.6				
North and Northeast China	28952.1376	3–55. 67	4515089	778.4464	1-94	11.65736	19-70	29742.24				
Japan	230. 760322	5-50	3641735	627.8716	20-80	54. 57736		913. 2093				
Mongolia	5. 1895	11.5-20		0		0		5. 1895				
North Korea	0	10		0		0		0				
South Korea	0		36.2	0.006241	60-67	0		0.006241				
Sum	95463.15282		4.9E+08	84415.16		1132.976		181011.3				

data from: IHS, 2011

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Up to 2011, it has been producing 181.01billion barrels oil equivalent, containing oil(52.74%), gas(46.64%) and condensate oil(0.63%)

#### Distributed Characteristic of Cumulative Production, Northeast Asia



# East Russia and North & Northeast China are the major production regions





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#### **Annual Production, East Russia**



### Summary

- Seismic and wells are mainly distributed in West Siberia and Bohai Gulf Basins, 1980s is the drilling peak period and it is relatively active during the last 5 years
- East Russia and North-Northeast China are the major regions of the oil & gas fields, and the cumulative production is holding about 83% of the Northeast Asia
- Although 1990s is the production peak period, the production is re-increasing in East Russia and North-Northeast China at present
- Most of the fields in East Russia are awaiting development or appraising and developing or producing

**Prospects of Exploration and Development** 





# **Prospects of Exploration and Development**

	Total Remaining PP Recoverable Reserves(MMboe)									
Country/Area	Total	Proportion	Oil Field	Gas Field	Oil and Gas Field	Onshore	Onshore/Offshore	Offshore		
East Russia	331977.4	88.81%	258.22	9137.55	322581.6	295962	20442.37	15573		
North and Northeast China	41227.17	11.03%	140.18	6092.25	34994.74	32968.39	1744.04	6514.74		
Japan	419.81	0.11%	2.28	205.03	212.5	329.62	10.51	79.68		
South Korea	95. 02	0.03%		39. 33	55.69			95. 02		
Mongolia	78.33	0.02%			78.33	78.33		0.5		
North Korea	0.5	0.00%	0.5							
Sum	373798.2		401.18	15474.16	357922.86	329338.3	22196.92	22262.94		

data from: IHS, 2011



- Remaining reserves

   distribute in: East Russia,
   North and Northeast China

  Mainly distributed encharge
  - Mainly distributed onshore

#### **Prospects of Exploration and Development**





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### **Prospects of Exploration and Development**

#### **Summary**

- In East Mongolia where the maturity is much lower, there is great potential for exploration and development
- The resources within Arctic cycle (70° N) in East Russia is fairly rich, which is one of the favorable areas for replacement of exploration and developing. From USGS(2000), it is reported that there are 18.5Bnbbls oil equivalent undiscovered resources
- Most fields in East Russia are in primary development.
  And, if some increasing production measures could be taken, there will be much potential for production

### Conclusion

- Although there are fairly rich hydrocarbon resources in Northeast Asia, the distribution of resources is uneven and exploration maturity is low.
- There are many giant fields, which containing abundant reserves about 563.6Bnbbls oil equivalent, mainly distributed in East Russia and North and Northeast China.
- 227.4Bnbbls oil equivalent undiscovered resources are reported in Northeast Asia, mainly in West Siberia Basin, North Sakhalin Basin and Nepa-Botuoba Basin.



# **Conclusion (continue)**

- There is high success ratio (average : 49.4%) of drilling in Northeast Asia, but during the last 10 years, drilling is not active and in the last 5 years, seismic acquisition are more active.
- There are some prospects in deep reservoirs in onshore mature exploration basins, also in deep reservoirs and new areas of shallow water in Bohai Gulf basin, deepwater in North Sakhalin basin and offshore areas in West Siberia basin.



# Thank You For Attention!

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